



imec

5G seamless roaming for teleoperated driving and sailing 5G-Blueprint approach

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Outline



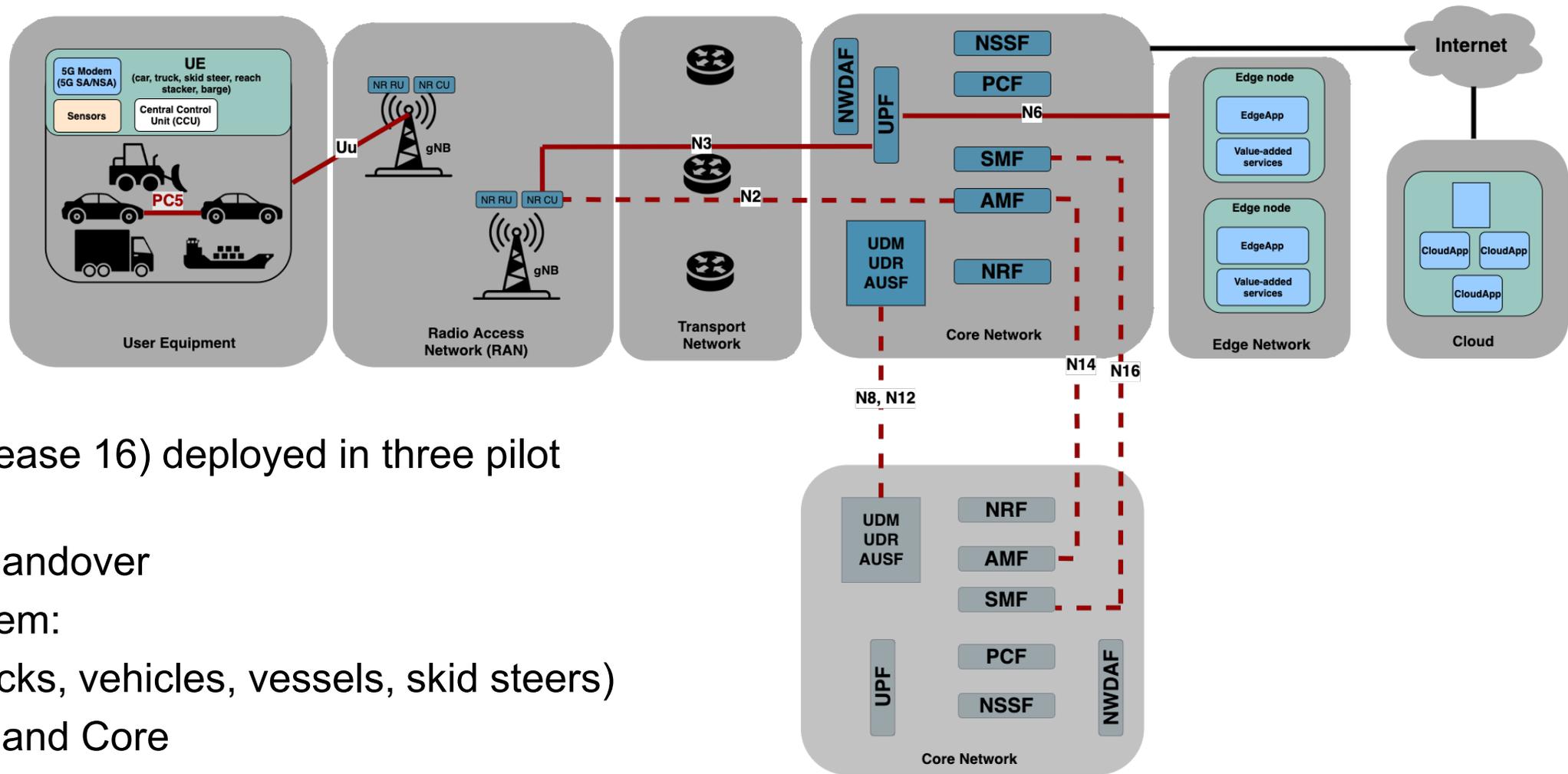
- Quick overview of 5G-Blueprint project
- Use cases
- 5G seamless roaming
- Summary & Lessons learned

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5G-Blueprint combines (cross-border) 5G SA with teleoperated driving and sailing



- 5G SA (Release 16) deployed in three pilot sites
- Seamless handover
- 5G ecosystem:
 - UE (trucks, vehicles, vessels, skid steers)
 - 5G NR and Core
 - Data network (Enabling functions and Use case components)

Use cases are mapped to national and cross-border pilot sites



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Use cases are tested in real-life environments such as busy ports and public roads



UC 4.1 Automated barge control

Vlissingen and Antwerp ports

UC 4.4 Remote take over

Cross border on public road



Teleoperator + 5G

UC 4.2 Automated driver in loop docking

Vlissingen and Antwerp ports

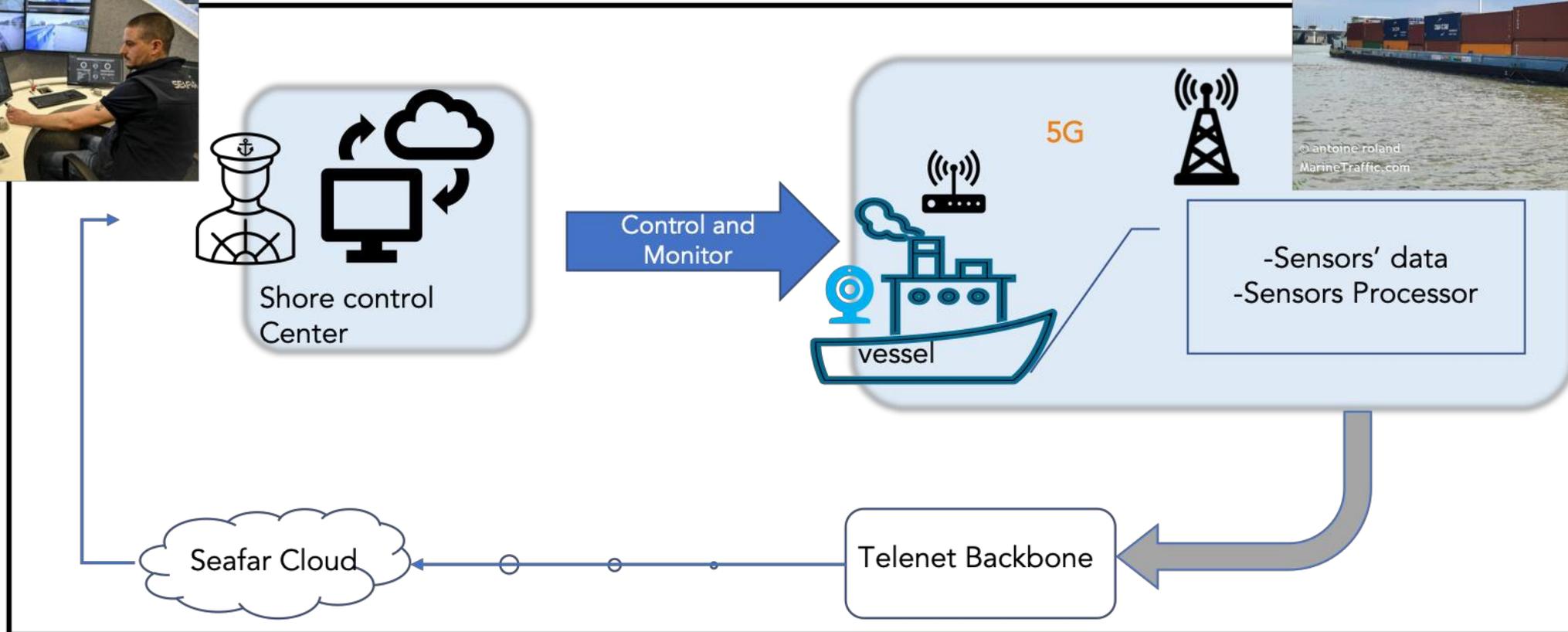
UC 4.3 CACC based platooning

Cross border on public road

Teleoperated crane



Shadow mode testing of remote barge control is essential for testing 5G SA capabilities before proceeding with actual teleoperation



Teleoperated Docking scaled from simulations to pilot with trucks



Truck-Trailer combination

Teleoperator view



Cabin

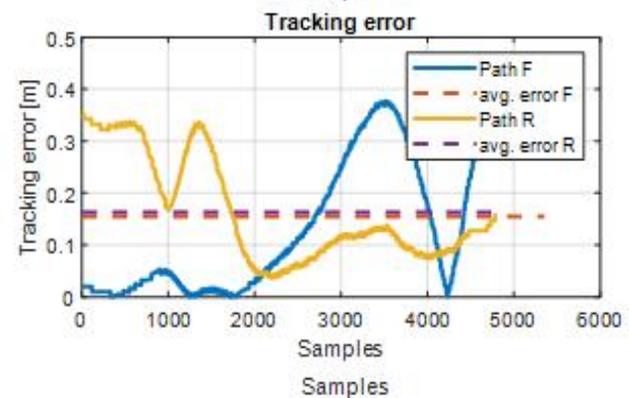
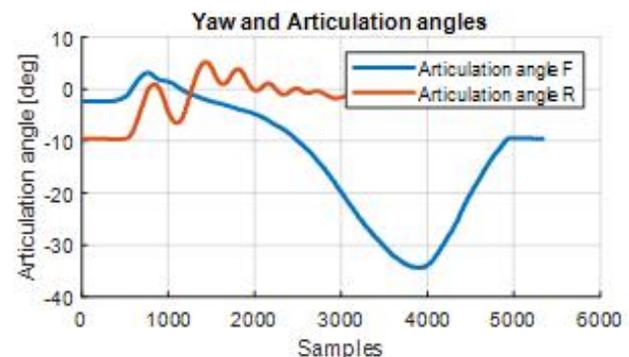
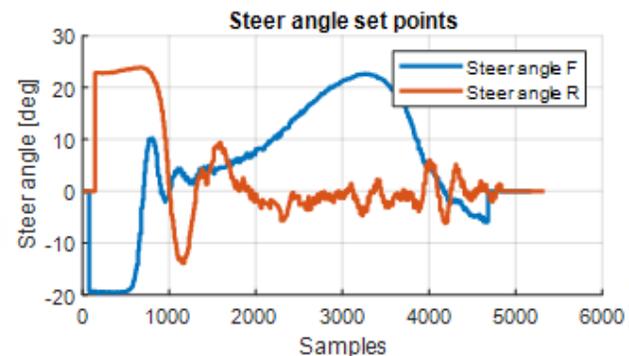


Average tracking error 0.16m, target values less than 0.5m

An example test run at MSP Onions

Final docking state error:

- $A = 3.6\text{cm}$, required $< 10\text{cm}$
- $B = 8.4\text{cm}$, required $< 10\text{cm}$
- $C = 0.4\text{deg}$, required $< 2\text{deg}$



Overall robustness of the teleoperation system improved, full takeover of DAF truck achieved

Steering accuracy: Mean absolute error 4.83deg (<6deg)

Braking accuracy: Mean absolute error 0.72% (<4%)



Steering accuracy: Mean absolute error 2.41deg (<3deg)

Braking accuracy: Mean absolute error 0.51% (<4%)

Overall robustness of the teleoperation system improved



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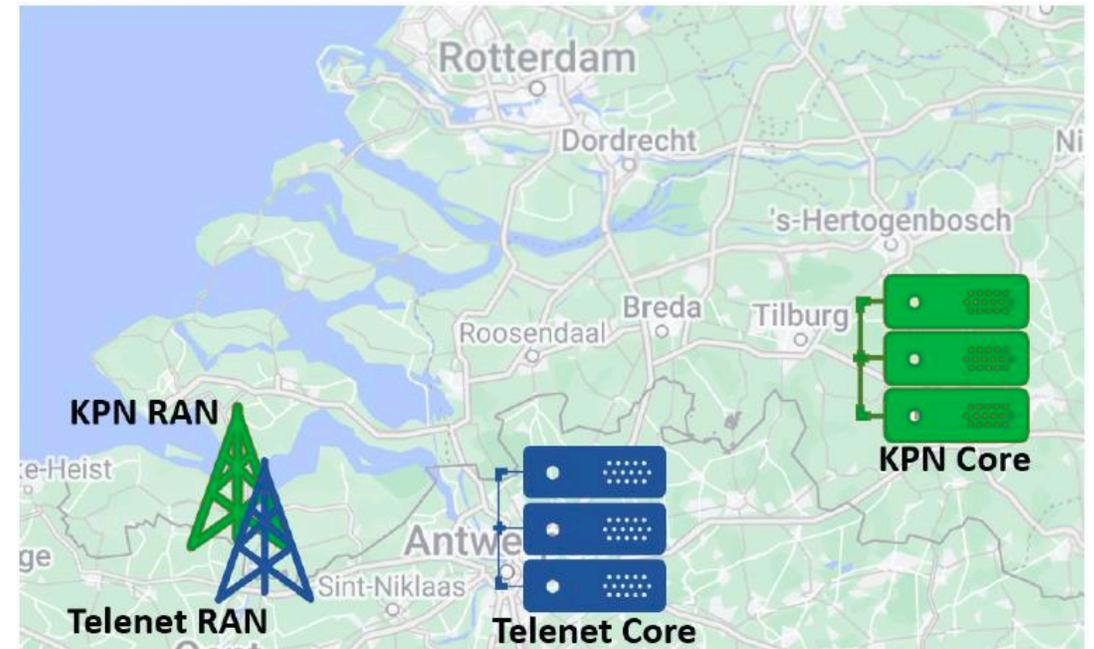
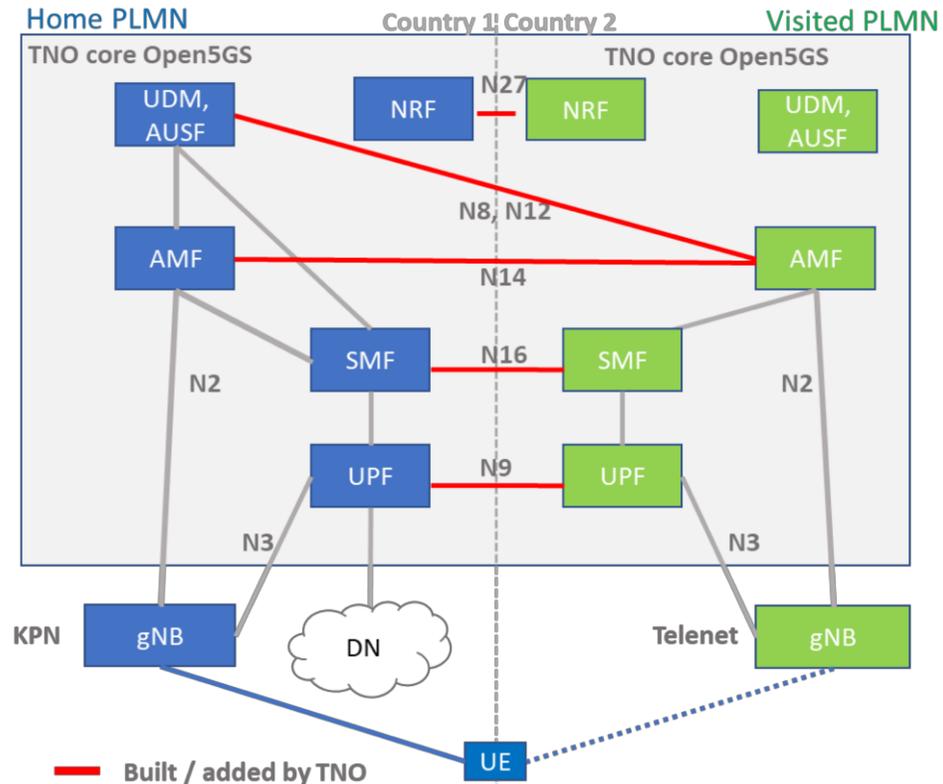
Seamless roaming crucial for safe cross-border teleoperation

- 5G SA seamless roaming working and deployed at cross-border site
- Network evaluation done at BE and NL sites
- Successful seamless roaming demos

| RAN KPN - NL | |
|------------------|-----------|
| Center Frequency | 3.525MHz |
| Bandwidth | 40MHz |
| Cells | 2 |
| Technology | 5G NR TDD |
| Brand | Huawei |

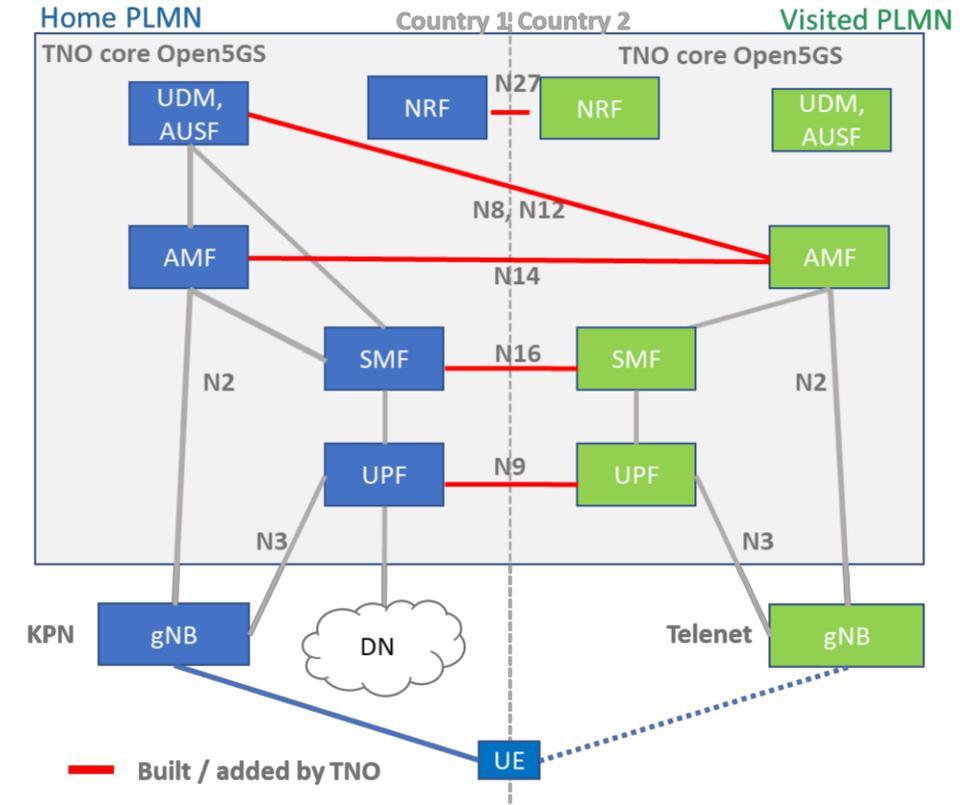
RAN FOR SA-N2 CROSS-BORDER HANDOVER

| RAN Telenet - BE | |
|------------------|-----------|
| Center Frequency | 3.490MHz |
| Bandwidth | 50MHz |
| Cells | 3 |
| Technology | 5G NR TDD |
| Brand | Ericsson |



Home Routing & N14-based routing with novel optimization to reduce downtime are needed

- UE's PDU session data exchanged between home and visited networks via N14 interface
- Both visited and home networks are configured as equivalent PLMNs (E-PLMN)
- Roaming behaves similarly to a normal handover procedure
- No new PDU re-establishment at visited network needed



Roaming procedures can be optimized by combining Home routed SA principles with N14-based roaming

N14 vs N2

Seamless cross-border N14 handover performs similar to the N2 handover, the main difference is that it depends on the latency between the cores

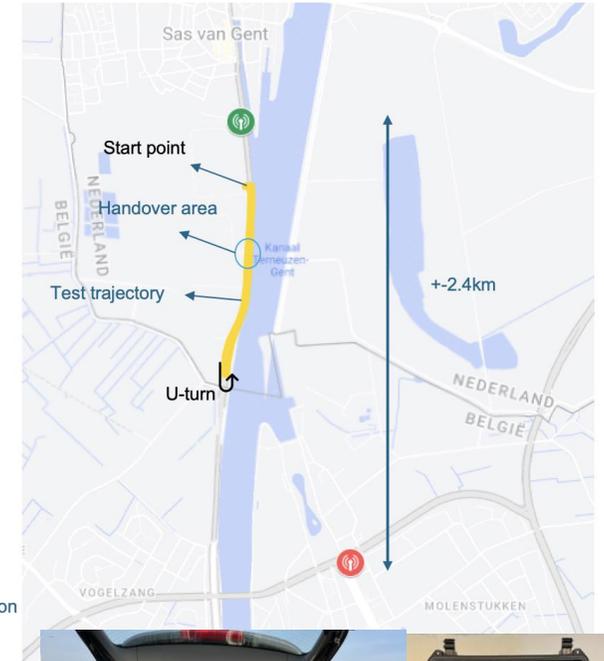
Lab results

- N2 handover: 100-120ms
- N14 handover: 100-150ms

Field results

- Uplink throughput: 32.4 Mbps
- Downlink throughput: 145 Mbps

- N14 handover: ~100ms
- Latency between the two cores: ~7ms → small impact compared to the other latency components



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Summary

Teleoperation of vehicles and barges

- Autodocking successfully tested with the full-scale trucks over 5G SA
- Teleoperation of vehicles (Toyota vehicles and DAF trucks) and barges successfully tested over 5G SA in the national sites (BE, NL)
- Network testing demonstrated that its performance enables **safe teleoperation across borders**
- Testing campaigns with teleoperation of vehicles and barges ongoing in the cross-border setup

Seamless roaming

- 5G-Blueprint solution one of the first practical implementations for seamless roaming in 5G SA
- Solution combines Home routed SA roaming with the N14 interface
- Service interruption time significantly reduced → sufficient for teleoperation (<150ms)

Lessons learned

Teleoperation of vehicles

- Human factors need to be considered for teleoperation: varying driver experiences, resolutions and frame rate effects, fatigue
- Handover-caused interruption times sufficient for cross-border teleoperation

Seamless roaming

- Standardization potential:
 - New procedure to enable Home-Routed Seamless roaming in 5G SA → **merges** N14 handover with Home-Routed Roaming
 - Seamless roaming with inter-PLMN handover in **both** directions → procedure for V-PLMN to H-PLMN direction is also missing in standards.
- Handover decisions currently based on signal strength, exploring other criteria (allowed IMSI, service availability, contractual relations)
- Vast amount of configuration parameters → to be automated

Join us at the final event



Date: November 21st 2023

Location: [Industrial Museum Zeeland](#),
Sas van Gent, The Netherlands

The event is free of charge, but registration is mandatory, due to limited seats

